

LICKING VALLEY COURIER.

VOLUME 6, NO. 26.

WEST LIBERTY, MORGAN COUNTY, KENTUCKY, THURSDAY, DECEMBER 9, 1915.

WHOLE NUMBER 236.

64TH CONGRESS DECLARED OPEN

Senate and House Called to Order at Noon—Both Chambers Crowded.

INTENSE INTEREST IS SHOWN

Woman Suffrage Leaders Occupy the Speaker's Gallery—Cannon and McKinley Appear as Members of Lower House.

| MAKE-UP OF 64TH CONGRESS. | |
|---------------------------|-----|
| The House. | |
| Democrats | 229 |
| Republicans | 196 |
| Progressives | 7 |
| Independent | 1 |
| Democratic Majority | 24 |
| The Senate. | |
| Democrats | 53 |
| Republicans | 42 |
| Progressive | 1 |
| Democratic Majority | 10 |

Washington, Dec. 6.—Promptly at noon today the senate and house were called to order, and the first session of the Sixty-fourth congress, which gives promise of being epoch-making, was declared open. Both chambers were crowded to their capacity, for virtually every senator and representative was present, and the unusual importance that attaches to the deliberations of this congress caused the galleries to be thronged.

At the invitation of Speaker Clark, Dr. Anna Howard Shaw and other officers of the National Woman Suffrage association occupied the speaker's gallery in the house, and the interest of these women was intensified by the promise of Representative Mondell of Wyoming that he would signalize the opening day by introducing a resolution proposing an amendment to the constitution enabling women to vote.

"Come-Backs" and New Talent. The acute international situation, due to the world war, the question of adequately preparing the country for defense, the problem of trying to turn a deficit into a surplus in the national pocketbook to meet heavier expenses than ever before, the presidential election year, and a multiplicity of other important things will combine to fill the session from beginning to end with animation.

Some of the leading roles will be played by history-creators of bygone congresses—men who "return from Elba" after two years' exile following the 1913 upheaval. The chief experienced actor of this class is "Uncle Joe" Cannon, dethroned as speaker four years ago, and exiled two years ago. Another of the old-time stars, William B. McKinley, 64 Illinois, manager of the Taft campaign in 1912.

There is a host of new talent, however. In the house approximately 100 seats were taken by new congressmen. The senate saw a few new faces. Of chief interest among these were Oscar Underwood, who gave up his leadership in the house to don a senator's toga. Curtis of Kansas is a "come-back" senator, being one of the conservative Republicans driven out in 1912. Broussard of Louisiana moved from the house into the senate. Two of the most conspicuous absentees were Elihu Root of New York and Theodore Burton of Ohio. Their places were taken respectively by James Watson and Warren G. Harding, both of whom are enrolled in the commonly regarded conservative element of the senate.

Some Big Problems. Here are some of the problems with which congress is called upon to wrestle: National defense, tariff tinkering, rural credits, conservation, merchant marine, ceannan's bill amendment, currency bill amendment, anti-trust bill amendment, the international situation, the far-eastern question, an embargo on arms, Mexico, the Philippines, Porto Rico, Haiti, the Columbian and Nicaraguan treaties, the serious deficit in the national revenues, continuing the war tax, taxing munitions of war profits, building an armor-plate factory, prohibition, suffrage, codification of the federal statutes, and good road building. These are all on the present schedule. Many more entertaining questions are bound to develop after congress gets in full swing.

Sentiment of a large element in the country is considered certain to inspire some members to renew efforts for an embargo on munitions of war to the allies. If such a measure is introduced, as it in all probability will be, some lively arguments on the neutrality question may be expected. The president is known to be of the same mind now on this question as he was last session, that an embargo on arms, far from assuring the United States impartiality in the war, would actually be in direct violation of true neutrality.

Indications of the bitterness to characterize the battling over the Philippine question have already been seen in the attacks of Republican members of the insular affairs committee upon the administration of Governor-General Harrison, Democrat, appointed less than two years ago by President Wilson. Charges of mismanagement made in public statements by the Republicans of the insular affairs committee have been refuted by Democratic members who have visited

DR. ANNA HOWARD SHAW



Dr. Anna Howard Shaw refused reelection as president of the National Woman Suffrage association, but is still most active in the work of that organization. She was made chairman of the program committee of the annual convention.

the islands recently. Legislation will be reintroduced providing limited autonomy for the Philippines. Just how limited it shall be will form the chief subject of controversy over its passage.

Of the other island possessions of the United States, Porto Rico promises to furnish topic for considerable argument. Recent investigation by the industrial relations commission into labor conditions of the island produced shocking revelations.

Mexico Will Demand Attention.

The Mexican policy always may be counted upon to occupy a conspicuous position in the limelight of congress. As deprivations, loss of American lives and property, and disorders continue in the turbulent republic, Republican members are gathering ammunition for vigorous attacks upon the administration's recognition of Carranza. The administration, however, is confident that the situation is clearing up and that conditions will be so improved before the first of the year that the Mexican muddle will be taken entirely out of politics in the coming presidential campaign.

Antidumping legislation will be brought in early in the session upon recommendation of the department of commerce, and perhaps of the president. This measure will aim to prevent the dumping of European goods into the United States after the war at below-the-market prices to regain lost trade. It is proposed to impose a tax upon such goods sufficient to bring their selling price in America up to the regular market price.

An amendment to the antitrust laws to permit American manufacturers to combine for the purpose of maintaining co-operative selling agencies abroad will be attempted also. Under the present laws American corporations find prohibitive the cost of operating individual selling agencies in European countries because of government supervision of the markets there.

Laws probably will be enacted on suggestion of the department of justice to facilitate the prosecution of violation of the neutrality statutes. The department has found it very difficult to make cases against the perpetrators of the plots against munitions factories and shipping.

WILL FORCE KING TO ACT

Entente Powers Weary of Athens Government's Delay in Coming to Definite Terms.

Paris, Dec. 6.—The entente powers consider Greece is taking too long to reflect upon the answer to their demands and have decided to apply again the economic measures which were used with such effect a fortnight ago, says the Figaro.

The newspaper declares orders have been given prohibiting the departure from allied ports of all ships with cargoes consigned to Greece and stopping immediately the loading of Greek vessels.

HOOT SOCIALISTS IN ROME

Populace Disapprove Attacks Made on the Government in the Chamber of Deputies.

Rome, Dec. 6.—Socialist members of parliament were hooted on the streets of Rome because of attacks made on the government at Friday's session of the chamber of deputies. The session ended in an uproar when Deputy Lucini declared that after many months of war the people of all the belligerent countries desired peace. Joers and hisses greeted this statement, and the session was adjourned.

HOKE SMITH TO INVESTIGATE

Georgia Senator to Introduce Resolution to Probe British Interference With American Trade.

Washington, Dec. 6.—Senator Hoke Smith of Georgia announced that he had decided to introduce a resolution in congress immediately calling for an investigation by the committee on foreign relations of the British interference with American trade.

GERMAN ATTACHE READY TO DEPART

U. S. Officials Look for Immediate Recall by the Berlin Government.

PRESIDENT IS DETERMINED

Captain von Papen Will Go to Mexico and Boy-Ed Will Endeavor to Return to Germany—Von Nuber Under Scrutiny.

Washington, Dec. 6.—Capt. Franz von Papen, German military attaché, whose recall has been requested by this government, will go to Mexico, it was learned at the German embassy. Capt. Karl Boy-Ed, German naval attaché, whose presence in this country also is no longer desired by the government, will endeavor to return to Germany.

It was said by an official of the embassy this morning that the state department has assured Ambassador von Bernstorff that it will try to get safe-conducts for either or both attaches. The official added that the safe-conduct will be asked only for Captain Boy-Ed. He pointed out that Captain von Papen is officially accredited to Mexico, and that he will go there soon. He will make the trip by rail, it was stated.

The American government looks to Germany for the immediate recall of Capt. Karl Boy-Ed and Capt. Franz von Papen, respectively naval and military attaches of the German embassy here, in accordance with Secretary Lansing's request.

The case against Boy-Ed and von Papen, although not susceptible of legal proof, consisted of complaints since the beginning of the European war which connected them with attempts to violate American neutrality. The state department regarded the complaints as fully justifying the withdrawal of the attaches from the diplomatic service of Germany in the United States.

Wilson for Ousting Plotters.

The action of Secretary Lansing had the full approval of President Wilson and his cabinet. The president is said to have decided to get rid of all foreign officials whose activities are considered harmful to the best interests of the country. This government, it was said, probably would ask the entire allies for safe-conducts for the offending attaches. They are expected to depart at once.

Von Nuber Is Under Scrutiny.

State department officials were considering what action should be taken in the case of Alexander von Nuber, Austro-Hungarian consul general at New York, whose name has been linked with those of Boy-Ed and von Papen in connection with activities regarded as objectionable by the United States. The department, it was also said, is considering whether any action should be taken regarding other higher officials of foreign embassies here.

It is understood that while in the Hamburg-American case nothing actually had been proved against Captain Boy-Ed, in view of the attention attracted by the case officials reviewed his record and decided that now was a good time to get both Captain Boy-Ed and Captain von Papen out of the United States. The state department does not need to have legal evidence, but may act, as it has done in the case of the attaches, upon the question of obnoxious conduct. The attaches need not have been guilty of technical violation of any law.

OFFENSES OF VON PAPEN.

Von Papen's principal offenses consisted of sending a report to the German war office by Archibald and the interest he is said to have had in fomenting strikes in munition factories. It was Von Papen who in a letter taken from Archibald when the British authorities searched him, made a reference to "these idiotic Yankees." The view of German officials in this connection it is understood, has been from the start that the United States is taking any action upon the papers found on Archibald was using evidence which was furnished by the enemies of Germany and therefore was improper.

CONSUL AID NAMED IN PLOT

Baron von Brincken, German Attaché, Is Mentioned in San Francisco Dynamite Inquiry.

San Francisco, Dec. 6.—Activities of federal agents and investigators who are collecting evidence to present to the grand jury in connection with the alleged German dynamite plots to destroy munition plants and ships have brought into the investigation Baron George Wilhelm von Brincken, attaché of the German consulate in this city.

How or to what extent, if any, von Brincken may be involved has not been disclosed by the government officials. Von Brincken himself admitted that he had been called upon by federal officials.

JAPANESE STEAMER ASHORE.

London, Dec. 6.—The Japanese steamer Kitano Maru, bound from Yokohama to London, went ashore off Margate.

BULGARS GO TO WESTERN FRONT

Three Divisions of King Ferdinand's Troops Sent to the Isonzo.

BIG MOVE TO SAVE GORIZA

Greece Refuses to Disarm German Soldiers Who Pursue Serbians on to Greek Territory—Germans Help Montenegrins Conquer Montenegro.

Bucharest, Dec. 6.—All steamers, barges and tug boats owned by foreigners who pursue the Balkan campaign will shortly land in Albania.

Turin, Italy, Dec. 6.—The Italian forces for the Balkan campaign will shortly land in Albania.

London, Dec. 6.—Three Bulgarian divisions (60,000 men) have crossed Hungary en route to the Italian or Franco-British front in the east, says a Bucharest dispatch to the Exchange Telegraph company.

A message received from Geneva stated that large Austro-German forces were being sent to the Isonzo front in an effort to save Gorizia from the Italians.

Greece Refused Demands.

Greece has refused the allies' demand that it disarm Teuton troops who pursue the Serbians of entente forces to Greek territory, according to a statement made by the Berlin Tageblatt and transmitted from Copenhagen by a correspondent of the Exchange Telegraph company.

"Greece," the Tageblatt is quoted as saying, "has agreed to give the allies free use of the railway in Greece Macedonia and the Aegean harbors, including Kavala, but the Greeks refuse to disarm the central powers' troops pursuing the allies on to Greek territory."

The central powers are offering Greece the Aegean islands and southern Albania if she refuses certain demands of the allies and remains neutral.

Albanians Help Teutons.

Mohammed Albanians are helping the Teuton allies against the Greeks and Serbs.

Arnavats, as they are called, have started to wage guerrilla warfare against the Serbians and Montenegrins in the mountains.

Anglo-French forces in southern Serbia have fallen back again. They are getting perilously near to the Greek frontier.

Reports that Russian troops have entered Bulgaria were without confirmation when this dispatch was written. They are given little credence. Berlin reports a continuation of success in Montenegro, and this is borne out by an official dispatch from Cetinje saying that the Montenegrins have been compelled to retire before superior numbers. The invaders are now approaching the Tara river.

Cold Weather in Serbia.

Great suffering has been caused to the soldiers on both sides by the bitter cold weather in Serbia. The thermometer is below zero. In the mountains ten feet of snow has fallen.

There has been no important developments in the political situation as regards Greece or Rumania. It is said in a Bucharest dispatch that Rumania is maintaining friendly relations with both the Teutons and Russians. Both Germany and Russia have shipped enormous quantities of coal into Rumania, Russia alone sending 5,000 carloads.

PAPAL CONSISTORY IS BEGUN

Six New Cardinals to Be Elected and Peace Plan May Be Unfolded.

Rome, Dec. 6.—The consistory at which six new cardinals will be elected began at the Vatican today. It is the occasion of the gathering here of notable prelates coming from both sides of the great world struggle. All sorts of rumors are being flying about, mostly having to do with the former peace parleys under the auspices of Benedict XV, who is recognized as an accomplished diplomatist.

The list of new cardinals, which has been made public, is as follows: Monsignor Toni, papal nuncio to Portugal; Most Reverend Monsignor Mistrangolo, archbishop of Florence; Mgr. G. Cagliero, apostolic delegate to Costa Rica; Mgr. A. Fruehwirth, papal nuncio to Bavaria; Count Scapellato, papal nuncio at Vienna, and Archbishop Gusmini of Bologna.

Of the many reports current here today the most interesting are that the pope will reveal a comprehensive plan to bring peace to the world again; and that he will renounce the pontifical claim to temporal sovereignty in order to make of himself a more universally acceptable peacemaker.

RUSSIANS CAPTURE TRENCHES

Czar's Troops Take Twelve Miles of Works, 700 Prisoners West of Riga.

London, Dec. 6.—The Russians have taken twelve miles of trenches, 700 prisoners and a large quantity of munitions and food supplies on the Tukum road west of Riga, according to a dispatch from Geneva to the Exchange Telegraph company.

OPINIONS SHOULD BE PUBLISHED

SUGGESTIONS MADE IN ADVANCE SHEET OF THE COURT OF APPEALS.

CLOSE SALOONS ON SUNDAY

Enforcement of the Law Will Be Required By the Attorney General of Kentucky.

(Special Frankfort Correspondence.)

Frankfort.—The court of appeals in the last Advance Sheet has suggested to the bar that legislation should be enacted providing that, while the court shall write opinions in every case, "opinions deciding some new or novel question of law or fact only, or such as the court should consider of sufficient importance to be officially published, should be published in the Advance Sheets and Kentucky Reports."

The suggestion continues: "We think legislation authorizing the court to adopt this plan would result in reducing the number of volumes of Kentucky Reports about one-half; in permitting the court to give more care and attention to opinions useful in the administration of the law and intended to be relied on as authority; in reducing about one-half the expense of publication to the state and the expense to the lawyers in buying state reports; and in allowing the court to keep well up with the business of the court."

Can't Use Its Bottles.

The court of appeals, in an opinion by Judge Carroll, upheld the constitutionality of Sections 1279-1279a, Kentucky Statutes, making it a misdemeanor, punishable by a fine and ten days to one year's imprisonment, unlawfully to traffic in and fill with milk or cream bottles marked and distinguished with the name, mark or device of another, which mark had been filed and published as provided by law, without the consent of the owner of the mark. L. Goldberg was charged in Louisville with so using the bottles of the Gray-Allen Sanitary Milk

monwealth the circuit court was directed to overrule the demurrer. The court said the question of warrants to search the property of a person accused is not before the court in this case, as the right of search was not exercised; but if it should be held void it would not invalidate the remainder of the statute.

Will Close Saloons.

Enforcement of the law requiring saloon keepers of Kenton and Campbell counties to close on Sundays will be put up to the county attorneys, the commonwealth attorney and the commissioners of the cities of those counties. If these officials do not act, then Atty. Gen. Garnett will act. In a letter to Rev. T. W. Rainey, Newport, Atty. Gen. Garnett advised this course. He said:

"If these officials decline to take any action in the matter I will immediately institute a proceeding in equity against the property owners and the saloon keepers to enjoin the continuation of the nuisance." Garnett was informed that three groups of three prominent men visited five saloons at intervals of 15 minutes in Newport and three men visited two saloons in Ft. Thomas. They counted the men present, saw liquor being purchased and bought it, he was told.

Verdict Reversed.

A verdict of \$13,250 given by E. Henry, a brakeman, in the Bourbon circuit court against the Louisville & Nashville was reversed by the court of appeals in an opinion by Judge Turner. Henry was struck and injured by the cable attached to a plov used in dumping dirt cars. He failed to allege in his pleading that his senses of taste and smell were impaired by the injury, but was allowed to testify to that fact, and the court of appeals held that, as the impairment of these senses is a serious defect, the evidence of it might have enhanced the verdict, and for error in permitting this testimony to go to the jury the case was reversed, with leave for Henry to amend his petition and make the evidence competent.

Pardons Are Granted.

Moses Gatliff, of Middlesboro, convicted of murder, and sentenced to the penitentiary for life, was pardoned by Gov. McCreary. Gatliff served five years. He was convicted for killing Gordon Givens, deputy sheriff of Bell county. Henry Hudson, of Lincoln county, sentenced from two to five years for manslaughter, was also pardoned. He has been in the penitentiary since April.

Mandate Issued.

Blackberry precinct, Pike county, the only wet spot in the Big Sandy valley below Boyd, will be dry from now on as a mandate issued from the court of appeals, declaring void tavern and liquor licenses granted four men in that precinct. An error was made to get the cases to the United States supreme court, but the superseas was discharged and motions to dismiss the appeals and issue mandates forthwith sustained. Blackberry precinct borders on a populous mining district of West Virginia.

MUTINY OF CHINESE SAILORS

IS FOLLOWED BY SHELLING OF ARSENAL—CREW OF CRUISER CHAO HO STARTS TROUBLE.

After Party From Foreign Zone Climbs Aboard—Guns of Hai-Chi and Tung-Ching Reply.

Western Newspaper Union News Service.

Shanghai.—The crew of the Chinese cruiser Chao-Ho mutinied and opened fire on two other warships and the arsenal here. The fire was returned, the engagement lasting for an hour. Several shots fell in the foreign concessions. Apparently the outbreak was confined to the Chao-Ho. The Chinese authorities announced that she would be shelled and sunk at daybreak. Conflicting accounts of the nature of the outbreak are current, and owing to strict measures taken by the authorities it has been impossible to obtain official information.

It appears, however, that 20 men set forth from the foreign settlement in a launch and went alongside the Chao-Ho, which is lying opposite the Kiang-Nan Arsenal. On the arrival of the launch, the crew of the Chao-Ho mutinied, apparently by pre-arrangement. The mutineers opened fire on the arsenal, the cruiser Hai-Chi and the gunboat Tung-Ching. The Hai-Chi and Tung-Ching replied, and there was lively cannonading of light and heavy guns for an hour. At least half a dozen three-pound shots fell in the foreign concessions. The city and countryside were thrown into panic. After the firing ceased, the Chao-Ho remained at anchor, keeping watch on the other warships.

FAILED TO THROW SWITCH.

Duquoin, Ill.—Failure of a porter on a north-bound Illinois Central passenger train to properly throw a switch, is believed to be responsible for a bad wreck on the St. Louis division of the road at Leinburg. The south-bound passenger train out of St. Louis crashed into the north-bound train head on. Eighteen passengers were injured, more or less, but none of them seriously. The train was going 15 miles an hour when it ran into the switch.

THREE TRAGIC VIOLENT DEATHS.

Milwaukee, Wis.—Two men were killed by a train, a boy went through the ice and drowned, and a fourth is dying from being thrown when a horseback riding, when the fine weather lured hundreds out of doors for an airing.

CINCINNATI MARKETS

Wheat—No. 2 red \$1.21@1.24, No. 3 \$1.18@1.20, No. 4 \$1.11@1.13. Corn—Quotations on new: No. 1 white 67½¢, No. 2 white 67@67½¢, No. 1 yellow 68¢, No. 2 yellow 67½¢, No. 1 mixed 67½¢, No. 2 mixed 67@67½¢.

Oats—No. 2 white 43@44¢, standard white 42@43¢, No. 3 white 41@42¢, No. 4 white 39½@40½¢, No. 2 mixed 41@42¢, No. 3 mixed 40@41¢, No. 4 mixed 38@39¢.

Hay—No. 1 timothy \$20, No. 2 \$18, No. 3 \$16, No. 1 clover mixed \$15.50, No. 2 \$14.50@15, No. 1 clover \$14.50@15, No. 2 \$12.50@14.

Mill Feed—Bran \$20.50@21, mixed feed \$22@22.50, middlings, coarse \$23@23.50, middlings, fine \$25.50@26. Rye—No. 2 \$1.01@1.03, No. 3 97@99¢, No. 4 92@94¢.

Butter—Whole milk creamery extras 27¢, centralized creamery extras 34½¢, firsts 31¢, seconds 28¢, dairy fancy 23¢. No. 1 packing stock 18½¢, No. 2 17¢. Eggs—Prime firsts 34¢, firsts 33¢, ordinary firsts 25¢, seconds 21¢.

Poultry—Broilers, 2 lbs and under, 16¢; fryers, over 2 lbs, 12¢; roasting chickens, 4 lbs and over, 12¢; fowls, 5 lbs and over, 13¢; under 5 lbs, 11¢; under 2½ lbs, 10¢; roasters, 8¢; ducks, white, 3 lbs and over, 15¢; under 3 lbs, 14¢; colored, 13@14¢; hen turkeys, 8 lbs and over, 19¢; young tom turkeys, 10 lbs and over, 19¢; old tom turkeys, 10 lbs and over, 16¢.

Cattle—Shippers \$6.75; butcher steers, extra \$7.35@7.75, good to choice \$6.25@7.25, common to fair \$4.85@6.00; heifers, extra \$6.50@6.75, good to choice \$6@6.40, common to fair \$4.50@5.75; cows, extra \$5.50@5.75, good to choice \$4.50@5.35, common to fair \$4@4.50; canners \$3@3.95; stockers and feeders 4@6.75.

Bulls—Bologna \$5@5.75, fat bulls \$5.75@6. Calves—Extra \$10, fair to good \$7@10, common and large \$4@9.75.

Hogs—Selected heavy shippers \$6.70@6.75, good to choice packers and butchers \$6.70@6.75, mixed packers \$6.45@6.70, stags \$4@5, common to choice heavy fat sows \$5@6.25, light shippers \$6@6.25, pigs (110 lbs and less) \$4@6.

Sheep—Extra \$5.75, good to choice \$5@5.65, common to fair \$3@4.50. Lambs—Extra \$9.25, good to choice \$8@9.15, common to fair \$5.75@7.75, culls \$5.50@6.50.

AN AUTOMOBILE VAMPIRE.

Chicago, Ill.—Here is an instance of an auto vampire who, having failed to run over a woman who was in delicate health, seized her husband, dragged him along behind the automobile for half a block, struck him in the face and buried him to the stone street, then fled. Grover D. Edwards is the victim. A Woodlawn policeman had all the facts within ten minutes, including the number of the automobile. Two detectives were assigned to the case, but no information beyond the patrolman's report is on the police records.

The Inauguration.

The inauguration of Governor Stanley and Lieutenant Governor Black at Frankfort Tuesday was one of the most imposing ever witnessed at the Kentucky Capital. Never before had such elaborate preparations been made, and the event equaled the expectations of those in charge. Fully 25,000 people were in attendance and the program was carried out to the minutest detail. The parade was the biggest ever witnessed in Frankfort.

We can not give the text of Governor Stanley's inaugural address, but it was one of great promise to Kentucky. A manly, courageous, ringing message to Kentuckians that holds out to the people of this State the assurance of a greater Kentucky.

Pythian Meeting.

Grand Chancellor R. A. Young, of Winchester; G. K. of R. & S., J. W. Carter and Superintendent of the Pythian Home, George Moore, of Lexington, honored West Liberty with a visit Saturday. The object of their coming was to try to revive interest in Pythianism in Morgan county, and just how well they succeeded future results will tell.

The open session in the afternoon was fairly well attended and those who didn't attend were the losers. Thetalks made by Bros. Young, Carter and "Daddy" Moore were worth going miles to hear. No man or woman with a spark of love for mankind in their makeup could have failed to be benefitted by attending this meeting. What we heard from these brothers was an inspiration. The program was not carried out literally but the meeting was an unqualified success.

The large meeting, which was very gratifying to those of us who have labored and striven to keep West Liberty Lodge No. 119 alive, oftentimes when it looked as if our labors would be in vain.

Morgan county Pythians ought to be proud of the fact that the head of the order in Kentucky, Grand Chancellor R. A. Young, was knighted in West Liberty and was for a number of years a member of the local lodge at this place.

Grand Chancellor Young holds the unique distinction of being the brother of a Past Grand Chancellor. The late lamented Geo. D. Young, who was killed in an accident in Louisville a few years ago, having a short time before his death served a term as Grand Chancellor.

Serious Accidents.

Mrs. Teletia Ferguson, aged 80, mother of Judge I. C. Ferguson, sustained a serious accident last Wednesday at her home on Elk Fork. She was entering the house and at the doorstep missed her footing and fell, fracturing her hip. Medical aid was obtained at once, but owing to her advanced age and feebleness it was deemed best not to attempt to reduce the fracture. Little hope is entertained for her recovery.

Mrs. Ferguson is an estimable old lady and widely known in this county and her friends will learn with sincere regret of her misfortune.

Lewis Gets Certificate.

On Monday Judge Stout, of the Franklin Circuit Court, dissolved the injunction of Barksdale Hamlett restraining the State Election Commissioners from issuing to Jas. P. Lewis, republican candidate for Secretary of State, the certificate of election. The certificate was issued to Lewis.

See Keeton for all the things necessary for holiday cooking. Everything for fine dinners.

Kodol For indigestion.

Relieves sour stomach, calms the heart. Digest what you eat. Elderly people use Dr. Kodol's active Tablets because they are mild.